SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

and

Independent Auditor's Report



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of SAAM Development Public Company Limited (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Opinion

I have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and of SAAM Development Public Company Limited (the "Company"), respectively, which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated and separate statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group and the Company, respectively, as at 31 December 2021 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated and separate Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions as relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
The key audit matterProjects in progressAs disclosed in the Note 8 to the financial statements, the Company and indirect subsidiaries are in the process of developing renewable energy projects. Projects in progress comprised the costs and fees of grid application, METI certification, grid interconnection, consultation and other expenses which directly related to the projects. Management	How the matter was addressed in the audit Key audit procedures included: I audited the project in progress in the Company, and directed and supervised the work of the component auditor related to projects in progress in the indirect subsidiaries to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence on the following:
needed to exercise substantial judgment in considering and recording these projects in progress.	 Management's identification of the valuation of projects in progress by obtaining an understanding of management's process and assessing the

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The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in the audit
	progress and the possibility of sale of the projects in progress.
	 Reviewing whether the recording of projects in progress was in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.
	 The recording of purchase and payment transactions related to the projects in progress during the year (If any)
	 Examination of representative samples of projects in progress transactions against supporting documents for the additions occurring during the year (If any)
	In addition, I reviewed the disclosure of information related to projects in progress in the consolidated notes to financial statements.
Investments in subsidiaries	
As disclosed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2021, the Company	Key audit procedures included:Understanding of management's process of
has investments in subsidiaries amounting to Baht 124 million, which is a significant amount. In	assessing impairment.
assessing any potential impairment of these investments, the management needs to exercise	 Performing substantive testing as follows:
substantial judgment to make forecasts of operating results and projections of future cash flows from investments, including determination of assumptions.	 Examining the supporting documents in relation to the management consideration of impairment indicators for investment in subsidiaries.
	 Assessing management's process of selecting a financial model.
	 Assessing the appropriateness of valuation model and key assumptions the management applied in preparing plans and projections of cash flows from the investments in subsidiaries
	 Comparing past cash flows projections with actual operating results.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

(Pitinan Lilamethwat) Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 11133

PKF Audit (Thailand) Ltd. Bangkok 15 February 2022

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2021

		Consolidated finan	icial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Assets			(in Ba	ht)	
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	82,305,963	101,097,108	48,852,042	68,624,309
Short-term investments	6	67,849,949	21,650,489	62,319,413	21,650,489
Trade and other current receivables	7	8,321,031	8,088,814	12,842,796	10,389,878
Projects in progress	8	10,943,366	10,586,128	657,117	-
Short-term loans to related parties	4	-	-	30,321,990	29,384,460
Other current assets		4,166,594	4,294,344	960,097	1,084,466
Total current assets		173,586,903	145,716,883	155,953,455	131,133,602
Non-current assets					
Investments in subsidiaries	9	-	-	123,961,891	123,660,561
Investment properties	10	82,494,500	82,494,500	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	11	112,187,880	118,469,796	3,204,126	4,129,896
Right-of-use assets	12	31,956,386	36,471,692	10,121,981	12,945,619
Intangible assets	13	54,957	68,025	50,803	63,226
Deposit for purchase of land and equipment	29.1	26,831,752	24,382,409	-	-
Deferred tax assets	21	410,717	477,577	298,794	408,604
Other non-current assets		1,599,198	1,656,647	240,900	240,900
Total non-current assets		255,535,390	264,020,646	137,878,495	141,448,806
Total assets		429,122,293	409,737,529	293,831,950	272,582,408

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2021

		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financia	al statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			(in Ba	ht)	
Current liabilities					
Trade and other current payables	14	2,383,562	2,611,468	1,018,244	673,344
Contract liabilities	15	28,917,637	-	26,010,000	-
Current portion of liabilities under					
lease agreements	16	3,301,807	3,242,132	1,893,936	1,907,985
Current portion of long-term loans from					
financial institution	17	14,212,477	18,225,847	-	-
Corporate income tax payable		1,710,434	1,694,520	-	-
Derivative liability	27	-	442,166	-	-
Other current liabilities		904,658	937,123	513,473	563,235
Total current liabilities		51,430,575	27,153,256	29,435,653	3,144,564
Non-current liabilities					
Liabilities under lease agreements					
- net of current portion	16	19,965,231	23,832,128	7,063,382	9,522,408
Long-term loans from financial institution					
- net of current portion	17	50,010,800	64,223,277	-	-
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	18	1,926,630	1,612,153	1,677,815	1,403,003
Total non-current liabilities		71,902,661	89,667,558	8,741,197	10,925,411
Total liabilities		123,333,236	116,820,814	38,176,850	14,069,975

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2021

	-	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
Liabilities and shareholders' equity (contin	ued)		(in Bah	nt)	
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital					
Registered					
360,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 0.50 each	23	180,000,000	150,000,000	180,000,000	150,000,000
(2020: 300,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 0.50) each)				
Issued and fully paid up					
300,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 0.50 each		150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000	150,000,000
Share premium		99,418,659	99,418,659	99,418,659	99,418,659
Deficit on business combination under					
common control		(688,926)	(688,926)	-	-
Deficit on acquisition of non-controlling interests	9	(453,363)	-	-	-
Retained earnings					
Appropriated - statutory reserve	19	4,257,973	3,650,840	4,257,973	3,650,840
Unappropriated		52,549,163	40,454,018	1,697,496	5,161,962
Other components of shareholders' equity	-	702,243	495,424	280,972	280,972
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		305,785,749	293,330,015	255,655,100	258,512,433
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	-	3,308	(413,300)		
Total shareholders' equity	-	305,789,057	292,916,715	255,655,100	258,512,433
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	=	429,122,293	409,737,529	293,831,950	272,582,408

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of income

	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financia	l statements
Note	e 2021	2020	2021	2020
		(in Bal	ht)	
Revenues				
Revenue from sale of goods	16,880,385	17,037,938	-	-
Revenue from rendering of services and rental	54,923,040	54,923,040	11,052,849	11,617,175
Dividend income from subsidiaries 4	-	-	10,499,099	15,799,258
Net gain on exchange rate	2,418,638	-	11,294	1,837,444
Other income	1,210,309	1,399,809	12,586,000	12,906,311
Total revenues	75,432,372	73,360,787	34,149,242	42,160,188
Expenses				
Cost of sales of goods	6,231,811	6,163,828	-	-
Costs of rendering of services and rental	12,659,936	13,386,767	3,954,043	3,829,058
Selling and service expenses	353,167	220,043	203,167	220,043
Administrative expenses	19,900,378	19,070,826	16,566,380	15,141,698
Net loss on exchange rate		769,465	-	-
Total expenses	39,145,292	39,610,929	20,723,590	19,190,799
Profit before finance cost and income tax expenses	36,287,080	33,749,858	13,425,652	22,969,389
Finance cost	(3,157,816)	(3,653,839)	(498,614)	(182,487)
Profit before income tax expenses	33,129,264	30,096,019	12,927,038	22,786,902
Income tax expenses 21	(5,436,755)	(5,857,320)	(784,371)	(1,450,352)
Profit for the year	27,692,509	24,238,699	12,142,667	21,336,550
Profit attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company	27,702,278	24,272,329	12,142,667	21,336,550
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	(9,769)	(33,630)		
	27,692,509	24,238,699		
Basic earnings per share <i>(Baht)</i> 24				
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	0.092	0.081	0.040	0.071
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Shares)	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000
Diluted earning per share <i>(Baht)</i> 24				
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	0.092	0.081	0.040	0.071
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Shares)	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000	300,000,000

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of comprehensive income

	Consolidated finance	ial statements	Separate financia	ial statements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		(in Bai	ht)		
Profit for the year	27,692,509	24,238,699	12,142,667	21,336,550	
Other comprehensive income:					
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified					
to profit or loss in subsequent periods					
Exchange differences on translation of					
financial statements in foreign currency - net of income tax	192,767	1,733,539	-	-	
Other comprehensive income for the year	192,767	1,733,539		-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	27,885,276	25,972,238	12,142,667	21,336,550	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company	27,909,097	26,024,430	12,142,667	21,336,550	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	(23,821)	(52,192)			
	27,885,276	25,972,238			

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited") Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

		Consolidated financial statements										
					Equity attribu	table to owners of th	ne Company					
								Other component	nts of equity			
								Other comprehe	nsive income		Equity	
								Exchange on	Gain on	Total equity	attributable to	
		Issued and		Deficit on business	Deficit on acquisition	Retained	earnings	translation of	remeasurements	attributable to	non-controlling	
		paid up	Share	combination under	of non-controlling	Appropriated -		financial statements	of defined	owners of	interests of	Total
	Note	share capital	premium	common control	interests	statutory reserve	Unappropriated	in foreign currency	benefit plans	the Company	the subsidiaries	equity
							(in Baht)					
Balance as at 31 December 2019 - as reported		150,000,000	99,418,659	(688,926)	-	2,550,840	40,373,728	(1,523,616)	266,939	290,397,624	(360,366)	290,037,258
Impact of changes in accounting policies			-				(592,039)	-		(592,039)		(592,039)
Balance as at 1 January 2020		150,000,000	99,418,659	(688,926)	-	2,550,840	39,781,689	(1,523,616)	266,939	289,805,585	(360,366)	289,445,219
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	24,272,329	-	-	24,272,329	(33,630)	24,238,699
Other comprehensive income for the year			-					1,752,101		1,752,101	(18,562)	1,733,539
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	24,272,329	1,752,101	-	26,024,430	(52,192)	25,972,238
Transferred unappropriated retained earnings												
to statutory reserve	19	-	-	-	-	1,100,000	(1,100,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	26	-	-	-	-	-	(22,500,000)	-	-	(22,500,000)	-	(22,500,000)
Decrease in non-controlling interests of the subsidiarie	es											
from dividend payment of subsidiaries			-					-		-	(742)	(742)
Balance as at 31 December 2020		150,000,000	99,418,659	(688,926)		3,650,840	40,454,018	228,485	266,939	293,330,015	(413,300)	292,916,715
Balance as at 1 January 2021		150,000,000	99,418,659	(688,926)	-	3,650,840	40,454,018	228,485	266,939	293,330,015	(413,300)	292,916,715
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	27,702,278	-	-	27,702,278	(9,769)	27,692,509
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	206,819	-	206,819	(14,052)	192,767
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	27,702,278	206,819	-	27,909,097	(23,821)	27,885,276
Transferred unappropriated retained earnings												
to statutory reserve	19	-	-	-	-	607,133	(607,133)	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid	26	-	-	-	-	-	(15,000,000)	-	-	(15,000,000)	-	(15,000,000)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	9	-	-	-	(453,363)	-	-	-	-	(453,363)	441,330	(12,033)
Decrease in non-controlling interests of the subsidiari	es											
from dividend payment of subsidiaries			-						<u> </u>	-	(901)	(901)
Balance as at 31 December 2021		150,000,000	99,418,659	(688,926)	(453,363)	4,257,973	52,549,163	435,304	266,939	305,785,749	3,308	305,789,057

SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued)

	_			Separate financ	ial statements		
						Gain on	
		Issued and		Retained	earnings	remeasurements	
		paid up		Appropriated -		of defined	Total
	Note	share capital	Share premium	statutory reserve	Unappropriated	benefit plans	equity
				(in Ba	aht)		
Balance as at 1 January 2020		150,000,000	99,418,659	2,550,840	7,425,412	280,972	259,675,883
Profit for the year	_	-		-	21,336,550		21,336,550
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	21,336,550	-	21,336,550
Transferred unappropriated retained earning	S						
to statutory reserve	19	-	-	1,100,000	(1,100,000)	-	-
Dividend paid	26	-	-		(22,500,000)		(22,500,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2020	=	150,000,000	99,418,659	3,650,840	5,161,962	280,972	258,512,433
Balance as at 1 January 2021		150,000,000	99,418,659	3,650,840	5,161,962	280,972	258,512,433
Profit for the year	_	-			12,142,667		12,142,667
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	12,142,667	-	12,142,667
Transferred unappropriated retained earning	S						
to statutory reserve	19	-	-	607,133	(607,133)	-	-
Dividend paid	26	-			(15,000,000)		(15,000,000)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	=	150,000,000	99,418,659	4,257,973	1,697,496	280,972	255,655,100

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of cash flows

		Consolidated finan	icial statements	Separate financia	al statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
			(in Ba	aht)	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax		33,129,264	30,096,019	12,927,038	22,786,902
Adjustments to reconcile net profit before tax to					
net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities:					
Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange rate		(2,432,257)	152,811	(11,294)	(2,028,014)
Gain on measurement of fair value of derivatives		(442,166)	(149,874)	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation		10,091,834	9,729,724	3,062,701	2,701,129
Write-off project in progress	8	-	131,076	-	-
Gain on cancellation of lease contracts		(10,630)	-	(10,630)	-
(Gain) Loss on disposal and write-off of equipment		2,858	(199,511)	(1,833)	-
Allowance for impairment of power plant - Solar panels	11	33,907	-	-	-
Increase in provision for long-term employee benefits		314,477	303,964	274,812	265,425
Dividend income	4	-	-	(10,499,099)	(15,799,258)
Interest income		(510,126)	(899,878)	(838,965)	(1,242,053)
Interest expenses		2,985,609	3,554,940	383,267	140,964
Profit from operating activities before changes					
in operating assets and liabilities		43,162,770	42,719,271	5,285,997	6,825,095
Operating assets (increase) decrease					
Trade and other current receivables		(295,339)	332,984	(2,524,876)	(2,720,601)
Project in progress		(358,730)	-	(358,730)	-
Other current assets		123,897	(193,512)	120,407	2,307
Other non-current assets		57,448	64,864	-	-
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)					
Trade and other current payables		(174,410)	(1,078,581)	46,512	(562,253)
Contract liabilities		28,917,637	-	26,010,000	-
Other current liabilities		(32,466)	(372,456)	(49,762)	(341,045)
Cash flows from operating activities		71,400,807	41,472,570	28,529,548	3,203,503
Cash received from withholding tax refundable		940,903	1,285,659	940,903	853,550
Cash paid for income tax		(6,291,029)	(4,828,943)	(1,611,500)	(469,076)
Cash paid for employee benefits			(568,760)		(195,000)
Net cash flows from operating activities		66,050,681	37,360,526	27,858,951	3,392,977

(Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

Statement of cash flows (continued)

		Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financ	ial statements
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
			(in Ba	aht)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Payment for acquisition of vehicle, equipment					
and software computer		(53,445)	(2,604,999)	(34,027)	(2,582,880)
Proceed from lease agreements cancellation		87,500	-	87,500	-
Proceed from disposal of equipment		3,149	208,446	3,000	-
Cash received from settlement of short-term loans					
to related parties	4	-	-	5,000,000	33,200,160
Payment to provide short-term loans to related parties	4	-	-	(5,930,000)	(29,624,500)
Dividend received from subsidiaries	4, 9	-	-	10,499,099	15,799,258
Short-term investment (increase) decrease		(46,199,460)	59,427,289	(40,668,924)	59,427,289
Cash received from interest income		573,248	812,155	613,358	1,668,926
Cash paid for acquistion of investment in subsidiaries		(12,033)	-	-	-
Net cash flows (paid) from investing activities		(45,601,041)	57,842,891	(30,429,994)	77,888,253
Cash flows from financing activities					
Payment of liabilities under lease agreements	12	(3,152,105)	(3,406,768)	(1,817,957)	(2,186,340)
Repayment of short-term loans from related parties		-	-	-	(5,500,000)
Repayment of long-term loans from financial institution	17	(18,225,847)	(17,483,951)	-	-
Dividend paid	26	(15,000,000)	(22,500,000)	(15,000,000)	(22,500,000)
Cash paid for interest expenses		(3,056,190)	(3,800,451)	(383,267)	(315,436)
Decrease in non-controlling interest of the subsidiaries					
from dividend payment		(901)	(742)	-	-
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(39,435,043)	(47,191,912)	(17,201,224)	(30,501,776)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalent	S	194,258	1,191,995	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(18,791,145)	49,203,500	(19,772,267)	50,779,454
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		101,097,108	51,893,608	68,624,309	17,844,855
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		82,305,963	101,097,108	48,852,042	68,624,309
Non-cash transactions					
Off-set between trade account receivable - related party					
and other payable - related party		-	-	301,330	-
Investing in project in progress for which payment has					
not yet been made	4, 14	-	-	298,387	-

1. General information

SAAM Development Public Company Limited (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited") ("the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. Its registered office address is at Major Tower Thonglor, Room No. 2.2, 10th Floor, 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekamai), Sukhumvit Road, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok.

On 17 September 2021, the Company changed its name to SAAM Development Public Company Limited from SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited and amended the articles of the Company which were approved in an Extraordinary General Meeting on 7 September 2021. The Company's securities abbreviation shall remain as "SAAM".

The Company's major shareholder during the financial year was Mr. Podduang Kongkamee who held 34.58% of shareholding.

The principal activities of the Group are developing renewable energy power plant projects for sale including procuring project land and providing related services and investing in renewable energy power plants and non-energy businesses.

2. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions and applicable rules and regulations of the Thai Securities and Exchange Commission.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The English language financial statements have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

2.2 Coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic

The Coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic is continuing to evolve, resulting in an economic slowdown and adversely impacting most businesses and industries. However, this situation has no significant impact on the Group.

Nevertheless, the Group's management will continue to monitor the ongoing developments and regularly assess the financial impact in respect of valuation of assets, provisions and contingent liabilities. The degree of the impact severity is dependent upon the pandemic controlling measures imposed by government and the duration of the pandemic.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to SAAM Development Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries") (together referred to as the "the Group").

			Country of	Percen	itage of
Company's name	Note	Nature of business	incorporation	share	holding
				2021	2020
Subsidiaries				%	%
SAAM One Co., Ltd.		Project site procurement and rendering of services	Thailand	99.99	99.99
SAAM Two Co., Ltd.		Project site procurement and rendering of services	Thailand	99.98	99.98
SAAM Three Co., Ltd.		Project site procurement and rendering of services	Thailand	99.99	99.99
SAAM Solutions Co., Ltd. (Formerly known as "SAAM Service Co., Ltd.")		Renewable energy related business operations and investing in energy and non-energy businesses	Thailand	99.99	99.99
SAAM Solar Power One Co., Ltd.		Renewable energy project investment	Thailand	99.99	99.99
SAAM Solar Power Two Co., Ltd.		Renewable energy project investment	Thailand	99.99	99.99
SAAM International Limited	9	Renewable energy project development for sale and international renewable energy project	Hong Kong	100	100
SAAM Japan Energy GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale in Japan and related business	Japan	100	-

For the year ended 31 December 2021

Company's name	Note	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percen ⁻ shareh	-
				2021	2020
Indirect subsidiaries				%	%
SAAM Japan Energy GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale in Japan and related business	Japan	-	100
Biomass Power One GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	90
Biomass Power Two GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	90
Biomass Power Three GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	100
Biomass Power Four GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	100
Biomass Power Five GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	100
Biomass Power Six GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	90
Biomass Power Seven GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	90
Biomass Power Eight GK	9	Renewable energy project development for sale	Japan	100	100

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

Non-controlling interests

At the acquisition date, the Group measures any non-controlling interest at its proportionate interest in the identifiable net assets of the acquiree.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related non-controlling interests and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-Group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income or expenses arising from intra-Group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries under the cost method.

2.4 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Company's functional currency.

All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded in the notes to the financial statements to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

2.5 Use of judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

(1) Judgements

Information about judgements made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Note 3.10 and 12

Leases:

- whether an arrangement contains a lease;
- whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise extension options;
- whether the Group exercise termination options;
- whether the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets to lessees.

(2) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 31 December 2021 that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is included in the following notes:

Note 3.10	Determining the incremental borrowing rate to measure lease
	liabilities.
Note 3.8, 3.9 and 3.10	Estimation of useful life of assets.
Note 3.5 and 3.11	Measurement of ECL allowance for trade receivables and contract
	assets: key assumptions in determining the weighted-average
	loss rate.
Note 3.1 and 9	Measurement of investment adjusted for impairment losses
Note 3.6, 3.11 and 8	Impairment test of projects in process: Key assumptions underlying
	recoverable amount.
Note 3.18	Recognition of deferred tax assets: availability of future taxable
	profit against which deductible temporary differences and tax
	losses carried forward can be utilized.
Note 3.12	Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial
	assumptions.
Note 3.14 and 27.5	Determining the fair value of financial instruments on the basis of
	significant unobservable inputs.
Note 3.13	Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies: key
	assumptions about the likelihood and magnitude of an outflow
	ofresources.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company are measured at cost less allowance for impairment losses.

3.2 Foreign currencies

Items of each entity included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the functional currency of that entity.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to Thai Baht at the exchange rates at the reporting date.

The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Thai Baht at rates approximating the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve, except to the extent that the translation difference is allocated to non-controlling interests.

When a foreign operation is disposed of in its entirety or partially such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. If the Group disposes of part of its interest in a subsidiary but retains control, then the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity until disposal of the investment.

3.3 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to revenue recognition.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

These financial assets include derivatives, security investments held for trading, equity investments which the Group has not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI and financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Except for derivative liabilities, at initial recognition the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Derivatives

The Group uses interest rate swaps as a derivative. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The subsequent changes are recognised in profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Derivative is presented as a non-current derivative asset or a non-current derivative liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not due to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current derivative assets or current derivative liabilities.

3.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

3.5 Trade and other accounts receivable

A receivable is measured at transaction price less allowance for expected credit loss which is determined based on an analysis of payment histories and future expectations of customer payments. Bad debts are written off when incurred.

3.6 Inventories

Projects in progress are cost of projects of which revenue has not yet been recognised. Projects in progress are valued at the actual cost which are comprised of the costs and fees of grid application, METI certification, grid interconnection, consultation and other expenses which are directly related to the projects.

3.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are land and measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less allowance for loss on impairment (if any).

On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

3.8 Property, plant and equipment

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs or the revalued amount, on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Power plant	25	years
Buildings and building improvement	5, 10 and 20	years
Tools and equipment	5	years
Furniture and office equipment	5	years
Motor vehicles	5	years

Depreciation is included in determining income. No depreciation is provided on land and assets under construction.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

3.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on a systematic basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

A summary of the intangible assets with finite useful lives is as follows:

Computer software 10 years

3.10 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group uses the definition of a lease in TFRS 16.

As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative standalone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date, except for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases which is recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset is measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, and adjusted for any remeasurements of lease liability. The cost of right-of-use asset includes the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of restoration costs, less any lease incentives received. Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentive receivable, amounts under options if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in lease term, change in lease payments, change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or a change in the assessment of purchase, extension or termination options. When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

As a lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on the basis of their relative standalone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease.

The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as rental income on a straightline basis over the lease term as part of 'rental income.' Initial direct costs incurred in arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as rental income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

3.11 Impairment of assets

Impairment of financial assets

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of the property, plant and equipment and projects in progress whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.12 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits

Defined benefit plans

The Group's has obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs.

3.13 Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost.

3.14 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are based on unobservable input.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

3.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

3.16 Revenue

Sales

Sales of electricity is recognised based on the amount of electricity produced and the agreed tariff (Feed-in Tariff) at the point in time when control of the electricity is transferred to the customer.

Rendering of services

Revenue from procuring power plant locations and maintenance of power plant equipment is recognised over time when services have been rendered based on the rates and periods as stipulated in the agreements.

Rental income

Income from rental of power plant locations is recognised on an accrual basis based on a straightline basis over the lease term.

3.17 Other income

Other income comprises dividend, interest income and others. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

Interest

Interest income or expense is recognised using the effective interest method. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liability.

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the

financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross basis.

3.18 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

3.19 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise warrants.

3.20 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that has direct or indirect control, or has significant influence over the financial and managerial decision-making of the Group; a person or entity that are under common control or under the same significant influence as the Group; or the Group has direct or indirect control or has significant influence over the financial and managerial decision-making of a person or entity.

3.21 Segment reporting

Segment results that are reported to the Group's highest decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

4. Related party transactions

Relationships with subsidiaries are disclosed in Notes 2.3 and 9. Relationships with management and other related parties are as follows:

Name of entities	Nationality	Nature of relationships
Key management	Thailand	Persons having authority and responsibility
personnel		for planning, directing and controlling the
		activities of the entity, directly or indirectly,
		including any director (whether executive
		or otherwise) of the Group.

During the year 2021 and 2020, the Group had significant business transactions with related parties, principally in respect of the provision of services and loans. The pricing policies for these related party transactions are summarised as follows:

- 1. Management fees and operation fees are charged at the amount stated in the agreements.
- 2. Interest on loans is charged at 1.25 percent per annum (2020: 1.25 percent per annum).
- 3. Dividend income is recognised when declared and the right to receive the dividends is established.
- 4. The price of sale of fixed asset is the mutually agreed price.

For the year ended 31 December 2021

For the year ended 31 December Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2021 2020 2021 2020 (in thousand Baht) Transactions with subsidiary companies (eliminated from the consolidated financial statements) 2,774 Service income 2,210 _ _ Management income _ _ 11,520 11,520 15,799 **Dividend** income 10,499 -375 389 Interest income Interest expenses -31 Transactions with key management Dividend paid 1 1 _ Sale of fixed asset 220

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of the accounts between the Company and those related companies are as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial sta	atements
	2021	2020	2021	2020
		(in thousa	and Baht)	
Trade and other accounts receivable -				
<u>related parties</u> (Note 7)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	10,772	8,470
Total	_	-	10,772	8,470
Work in process				
Subsidiary		-	298	-
Total	_	-	298	-
Trade accounts payable - related party				
(Note 14)				
Subsidiary	-	-	298	-
Total	-	-	298	-

Short-term loans to related parties

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balance of loans between the Company and those related companies and the movement are as follows:

		Separate financial statements					
		Balance as at			Unrealised	Balance as at	
		31 December	During	the year	gain on	31 December	
Short-term loans to	Related by	2020	Increase	Decrease	exchange rate	2021	
				(in thousan	d Baht)		
SAAM International Limited	Subsidiary	24,384	1,430	-	8	25,822	
SAAM Three Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	5,000	4,500	(5,000)	-	4,500	
Total		29,384	5,930	(5,000)	8	30,322	
			Separ	ate financia	al statements		
		Balance as at			Unrealised	Balance as at	
		31 December	During	the year	gain on	31 December	
Short-term loans to	Related by	2019	Increase	Decrease	exchange rate	2020	
			(in thousand Baht)				
SAAM International Limited	Subsidiary	26,704	24,624	(28,700)	1,756	24,384	
SAAM Three Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	4,500	5,000	(4,500)	-	5,000	

Directors and management's benefits

Total

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had employee benefit expenses to their directors and management as below.

31,204

29,624

(33,200)

1,756

	Consolidated / Separate financial statements		
	2021	2020	
	(in thousand Baht)		
Short-term employee benefits	4,970	4,954	
Post-employment benefits	156	156	
Total	5,126	5,110	

29,384

Service and management agreements

The Company entered into the service and management agreements with three subsidiary companies (SAAM One Co., Ltd, SAAM Two Co., Ltd and SAAM Three Co., Ltd) that are effective from October 2016 until cancelled by each party. Under the agreements, the subsidiary companies have to pay monthly service fee at the rates as stipulated in the agreements.

The Company entered into the management services agreement in developing Biomass Energy projects in Japan with SAAM Japan Energy GK, the subsidiary. The agreement is effective from 1 October 2021 until cancelled by each party. Under the agreements, the Company have to pay quarterly service fee at the rates as stipulated in the agreement.

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements		financial sta	atements	
	2021 2020		2021	2020	
		(in thousa	nd Baht)		
Cash	94	89	15	11	
Bank deposits	67,191	35,322	33,816	8,448	
Highly liquid short-term investments	15,021	65,686	15,021	60,165	
Total	82,306	101,097	48,852	68,624	

As at 31 December 2021, bank deposits in saving accounts earned interest at 0.05 percent per annum (2020: 0.05 percent per annum). The highly liquid short-term investments are 3-month fixed deposits at banks. The fixed deposits earn interest at 0.45 percent per annum (2020: 0.7 percent per annum) and will mature on 1 February 2022.

6. Short-term investment

	Consolidated financial statements				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	(Interest rate _l	per annum)	(in thousand Baht)		
Short-term deposits at financial					
institution	0.45 - 0.60	0.9	67,850	21,650	
Total			67,850	21,650	

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Separate financial statements				
	2021	2020			
	(Interest rate per annum)		(in thouse	and Baht)	
Short-term deposits at financial					
institution	0.45 - 0.50	0.9	62,319	21,650	
Total			62,319	21,650	

7. Trade and other current receivables

	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate	
	financial st	atements	financial sta	atements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		(in thousar	nd Baht)		
Trade accounts receivable - related parties					
(Note 4)					
Aged on the basis of due dates					
Within credit terms	-	-	162	704	
Overdue:					
Less than 3 months	-	-	655	669	
3 - 6 months	-	-	689	655	
6 - 12 months	-	-	1,397	1,565	
Over 12 months			7,440	4,837	
Total trade accounts receivable					
- related parties	-	-	10,343	8,430	
Trade accounts receivable - unrelated parties					
Aged on the basis of due dates					
Within credit terms	7,601	7,589	1,577	1,577	
Total trade accounts receivable					
- unrelated parties	7,601	7,589	1,577	1,577	
Other receivables					
Accrued interest income - related parties					
(Note 4)	-	-	353	40	
Accrued interest income - unrelated party	37	100	12	100	
Other receivables - related parties					
(Note 4)	-	-	76	-	
Prepaid expenses	586	351	482	243	
Value added tax refundable	97	49	-	-	
Total other receivables	720	500	923	383	
Total	8,321	8,089	12,843	10,390	
			·		

8. Projects in progress

The net book value of projects in progress as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 is presented below.

		Consolidated financial statements					
			Transl	ation	Project in		
	Со	Cost		ment	progre	ss-net	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		(in thousand Baht)					
Grid application	121	121	5	4	126	125	
Grid interconnection	8,451	8,451	(70)	(89)	8,381	8,362	
Consultation fee	1,942	1,583	(14)	(17)	1,928	1,566	
Others	510	510	(2)	23	508	533	
Total	11,024	10,665	(81)	(79)	10,943	10,586	

	Separate financial statements	
	2021	2020
	(in thousand Baht)	
Consultation fee	657	-
Total	657	

During the year 2021, the Group have not written off projects in progress (2020: Written off projects in progress of Baht 0.13 million and was presented in expenses in the consolidated income statement since the subsidiary companies considered that those projects did not have a future economic benefit.)

9. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in the separate financial statements are as follows:

	Shareholding					Dividend	received	
Company's name	Paid-up	capital	percentage		Co	Cost		he years
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
	(in thous	and Baht)	(per	cent)		(in thous	and Baht)	
SAAM One Co., Ltd.	4,000	4,000	100	100	4,000	4,000	4,200	4,000
SAAM Two Co., Ltd.	1,500	1,500	100	100	1,500	1,500	2,799	1,799
SAAM Three Co., Ltd.	30,000	30,000	100	100	30,000	30,000	-	3,000
SAAM Solutions Co., Ltd.	2,250	2,250	100	100	2,250	2,250	-	-
SAAM Solar Power One Co., Ltd.	40,000	40,000	100	100	39,999	39,999	3,500	7,000
SAAM Solar Power Two Co., Ltd.	40,000	40,000	100	100	39,999	39,999	-	-
SAAM International Limited	HKD 1.5	HKD 1.5	100	100	5,912	5,912	-	-
	million	million						
SAAM Japan Energy GK	JPY 1	-	100	-	302	-	-	-
	million							
Total					123,962	123,660	10,499	15,799

Restructuring of shareholder in indirect subsidiaries

On 19 February 2021, the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company's passed a resolution approving restructuring of shareholdings in subsidiaries and indirect subsidiaries within the Group to enhance management efficiency and to be clear in business operations. The transfers of shares involved in the restructuring were made on 9 July 2021 and the registrations of transfer of shares were completed on 31 August 2021 as follows:

- a) The Company acquired all shares of SAAM Japan Energy GK, an indirect subsidiary of the Company, from SAAM International Limited, the subsidiary of the Company. Therefore, SAAM Japan Energy GK became a direct subsidiary of the Company.
- b) SAAM International Limited, the subsidiary of the Company, acquired all shares of Biomass Power One GK (BMP-1) Biomass Power Two GK (BMP-2) Biomass Power Six GK (BMP-6) and Biomass Power Seven GK (BMP-7) which were the indirect subsidiaries of SAAM International Limited, from SAAM Japan Energy GK and other shareholders. Therefore, BMP-1 BMP-2 BMP-6 and BMP-7 remained indirect subsidiaries of the Company.
- c) SAAM International Limited, the subsidiary of the Company, acquired all shares of Biomass Power Three GK (BMP-3) Biomass Power Four GK (BMP-4) Biomass Power Five GK (BMP-5) and Biomass Power Eight GK (BMP-8), which were the indirect subsidiaries of SAAM International

Limited, from SAAM Japan Energy GK. Therefore, BMP-3 BMP-4 BMP-5 and BMP-8 remained the indirect subsidiary of the Company.

The group recognized deficit on acquisition of non-controlling interests amounting to Baht 0.45 million because the non-controlling interests have accumulated loss at the acquisition date, but the restructuring transactions were made at par value of shares.

10. **Investment properties**

Investment properties of a subsidiary company are land at cost of Baht 82.5 million and are located in Phetchaburi and Prachuap Khiri Khan provinces. Most of the investment properties are rented to operators of solar power plant for 25 years, while part of them is held for long-term investment.

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, the subsidiary company has rental income related to these rental agreements as follows.

	Consolidated fina	incial statements
	2021	2020
	(in thouse	and Baht)
Rental income	13,152	13,152

As at 31 December 2021, the subsidiary company has pledged its land which net book value amounting to approximately Baht 82.5 million (2020: Baht 82.5 million) as collateral against credit facilities received from a financial institution in Note 17 to the financial statements.

The fair value of the investment properties as disclosure as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 stated below:

Consolidated fi	nancial statements
2021	2020
(in thou	sand Baht)
135,906	138,206

The fair value of the above investment properties have been determined based on valuation performed by an accredited independent valuer on 6 October 2021. The fair value of the land held for rent and the land held for long-term investment have been determined using the income approach and market approach, respectively. Key assumptions used in the valuation include yield rate, inflation rate and long-term growth in real rental rates. The fair value of investment property has been categorised as a Level 2 fair value.

For the year ended 31 December 2021

11. Property, plant and equipment

	Consolidated financial statements							
			Buildings and		Furniture		Assets	
		Power	building	Tools and	and office	Motor	under	
	Land	plant	improvement	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total
				(in thousar	nd Baht)			
Cost								
31 December 2019	10,730	127,902	6,695	339	1,126	8,635	4,562	159,989
Additions	-	-	22	22	32	2,514	20	2,610
Transfer in (out)	-	-	20	-	-	-	(20)	-
Disposals/write-off	-		-	(53)	(12)	(1,200)	-	(1,265)
31 December 2020	10,730	127,902	6,737	308	1,146	9,949	4,562	161,334
Additions	-	-	-	15	38	-	-	53
Disposals/write-off	-	-	-	(14)	(76)	-	-	(90)
31 December 2021	10,730	127,902	6,737	309	1,108	9,949	4,562	161,297
Accumulated depreciation								
31 December 2019	-	21,247	2,653	136	615	8,635	-	33,286
Depreciation for the year	-	5,083	433	65	209	482	-	6,272
Accumulated depreciation of								
disposals/write-off assets	-	-	-	(44)	(12)	(1,200)	-	(1,256)
31 December 2020	-	26,330	3,086	157	812	7,917	-	38,302
Depreciation for the year	-	5,083	438	62	210	503	-	6,296
Accumulated depreciation of								
disposals/write-off assets	-	-	-	(10)	(75)	_		(85)
31 December 2021	-	31,413	3,524	209	947	8,420	-	44,513
Allowance for impairment loss								
31 December 2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,562	4,562
Increase during the year	-	34	-	-	-	-	-	34
31 December 2021	-	34	-	-	-	-	4,562	4,596
Net book value								
31 December 2020	10,730	101,572	3,651	151	334	2,032	-	118,470
31 December 2021	10,730	96,455	3,213	100	161	1,529	-	112,188
Depreciation for the year								

2020 (Baht 5,432 thousand included in cost of sale and service, and the balance in administrative expenses)6,2722021 (Baht 5,433 thousand included in cost of sale and service, and the balance in administrative expenses)6,296

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	_		Separate finar	ncial statements		
	Buildings and		Furniture and			
	building	Tools and	office		Assets under	
	improvement	equipment	equipment	Motor vehicles	construction	Total
			(in thous	and Baht)		
Cost						
31 December 2019	2,940	58	1,045	4,435	-	8,478
Additions	22	-	32	2,514	20	2,588
Transfer in (out)	20	-	-		(20)	-
31 December 2020	2,982	58	1,077	6,949	-	11,066
Additions	-	-	34	-	-	34
Disposals/write-off	-	-	(76)			(76)
31 December 2021	2,982	58	1,035	6,949		11,024
Accumulated depreciation						
31 December 2019	1,018	16	536	4,435	-	6,005
Depreciation for the year	230	12	207	482		931
31 December 2020	1,248	28	743	4,917	-	6,936
Depreciation for the year	235	12	209	503	-	959
Accumulated depreciation						
of disposals/write-off						
assets		-	(75)			(75)
31 December 2021	1,483	40	877	5,420		7,820
Net book value						
31 December 2020	1,734	30	334	2,032		4,130
31 December 2021	1,499	18	158	1,529		3,204
Depreciation for the year						
2020 (Baht 92 thousand inc	luded in cost of s	ervice, and the	balance in admir	nistrative expenses	s)	931

2021 (Baht 96 thousand included in cost of service, and the balance in administrative expenses)

As at 31 December 2021, certain items of plant and equipment of the Group and the Company were fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount before deducting accumulated depreciation of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 7.5 million and 4.5 million, respectively (2020: Baht 7.5 million and Baht 4.5 million, respectively).

The subsidiaries have pledged their land and construction amounting to approximately Baht 107.2 million (2020: Baht 112.3 million) as collateral against credit facilities received from financial institutions as described in Note 17 to the financial statements.

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12. Leases

As a lessee

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements		financial st	tatements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	(in thousand Baht)				
Right-of-use assets					
Land	31,037	34,633	9,203	11,107	
Buildings	919	1,839	919	1,839	
Total	31,956	36,472	10,122	12,946	

The Group leases various land for 8 to 25 years and leases office buildings for 3 years. The rental is payable monthly as specified in the contract.

During the year 2021, the Company and the lessors entered into land lease cancellation agreements for Petchaburi Project in total of 17 rai 3 ngan 71 square wa. This is to be more efficient and consistent with space requirements of the project. As a result, the net right-of-use assets decreased by Baht 0.73 million.

Consolidated		Sepa	rate
financial s	tatements	financial st	atements
2021	2020	2021	2020
	(in thous	and Baht)	
4,113	4,100	2,201	2,296
4,113	4,100	2,201	2,296
2,864	2,421	1,173	831
919	919	919	919
961	693	383	110
31	42	31	42
	financial s 2021 4,113 4,113 2,864 919 961	financial statements 2021 2020 (in thous 4,113 4,100 4,113 4,100 4,113 4,100 2,864 2,421 919 919 961 693	financial statements financial statements 2021 2020 2021 (in thousand Baht) (in thousand Baht) 4,113 4,100 2,201 4,113 4,100 2,201 4,113 4,100 2,201 2,864 2,421 1,173 919 919 919 961 693 383

In 2021, total cash outflow for leases of the Group and the Company were Baht 3.2 million and Baht 1.8 million, respectively. (2020: Baht 3.4 million and Baht 2.2 million, respectively).

As a lessor

The investment properties comprise of lands that are leased to third parties under operating leases. Each of the leases contains an initial non-cancellable period of 25 years. The rental income of investment properties is fixed under the contracts.

	Consolidated		
	financial statements		
	2021 202		
	(in thousand Baht)		
Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating			
leases are receivable			
Within 1 year	13,152	13,152	
1 - 5 years	52,608	52,608	
After 5 years	184,128	197,280	
Total	249,888	263,040	

13. Intangible assets

The net book value of intangible assets which are computer software as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 is presented below.

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	(in thousand Baht)			
Cost	118	118	112	112
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(63)	(50)	(61)	(49)
Net book value	55	68	51	63

A reconciliation of the net book value of intangible assets for the years 2021 and 2020 is presented below.

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	(in thousand Baht)			
Net book value at beginning of year	68	75	63	70
Acquisition of computer software	-	14	-	14
Less: Amortisation for the year	(13)	(21)	(12)	(21)
Net book value at end of year	55	68	51	63

SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

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14. Trade and other current payables

	Consolidated		Separate			
	financial st	atements	financial statements			
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		(in thous	and Baht)	nd Baht)		
Trade accounts payable - related party						
(Note4)	-	-	298	-		
Trade accounts payable - unrelated parties	473	536	82	78		
Accrued expenses	1,048	1,054	409	334		
Other payables	206	304	140	159		
Accrued interest expense	369	439	-	-		
Value added tax payable	288	278	89	102		
Total	2,384	2,611	1,018	673		

15. Contract liabilities

As of 31 December 2021, the Group have contract liabilities - unearned revenue amounting to Baht 29 million for development services of Biomass Power projects in Japan to be provided based on 2 Development Service Agreements with 2 unrelated companies (2020: Baht nil). One agreement was made by the Company which has contract liability amounting to Baht 26 million and the other agreement was made by the subsidiary in Japan which has contract liability amounting to Baht 3 million.

16. Lease liabilities

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
		(in thous		
Lease liabilities	27,469	32,341	10,266	13,226
Less: Deferred interest expense	(4,202)	(5,267)	(1,309)	(1,796)
Total	23,267	27,074	8,957	11,430
Less: Current portion	(3,302)	(3,242)	(1,894)	(1,908)
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	19,965	23,832	7,063	9,522

The Group has entered into the office space and land lease agreements for use in their operation. The terms of the agreements are generally between 3 to 25 years.

During the year 2021, the Company and the lessors entered into land lease cancellation agreements for Petchaburi Project in total of 17 rai 3 ngan 71 square wa. This is to be more efficient and consistent with space requirements of the project. As a result, the lease liabilities decreased by Baht 0.65 million.

		Consolidated financial statements							
		20	21		2020				
	Less than	1 - 5	Over 5		Less than	1 - 5	Over 5		
	1 year	years	years	Total	1 year	years	years	Total	
		(in thous			sand Baht)				
Future minimum									
lease payments	4,136	12,074	11,259	27,469	4,214	13,512	14,615	32,341	
Deferred interest									
expenses	(834)	(2,426)	(942)	(4,202)	(972)	(2,803)	(1,492)	(5,267)	
Present value of									
future minimum									
lease payments	3,302	9,648	10,317	23,267	3,242	10,709	13,123	27,074	

Future minimum lease payments required under the lease agreements were as follows:

	Separate financial statements							
	2021			2020				
	Less than	than 1-5 Over 5 I		Less than	1 - 5	Over 5		
	1 year	years	years	Total	1 year	years	years	Total
				(in thous	and Baht)			
Future minimum								
lease payments	2,201	5,263	2,802	10,266	2,302	6,515	4,409	13,226
Deferred interest								
expenses	(307)	(810)	(192)	(1,309)	(394)	(988)	(414)	(1,796)
Present value of								
future minimum								
lease payments	1,894	4,453	2,610	8,957	1,908	5,527	3,995	11,430

SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

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17. Long-term loans from financial institutions

The detail of long-term loans from financial institutions as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are summarised below:

			Significant terms a	and conditions of loan agree	ments	Consoli financial st	
No.	Lender	Credit facilities	Repayment term	Collateral	Interest rate	2021	2020
		(in million Baht)			(percent per annum)	(in thousa	nd Baht)
<u>Subsidi</u>							
SAAM 1	Three Co., L	td.					
1.	Bank	70	76 monthly installments with the first installment due on 7 April 2016.	Land classified as investment properties of the subsidiary company	MLR - 1.5	6,531	17,343
SAAM S	Solar Power	One Co., Ltd.					
2.	Bank	95.2	51 quarterly installments with the first installment due on 7 April 2016.	Mortgage of the subsidiary company's ordinary shares, land and construction thereon	BIBOR 3 month + 2	57,692	65,106
Total lo	ng-term loa	ins from financial in	stitution			64,223	82,449
Less: cu	irrent portic	on				(14,212)	(18,226)
Long-te	erm loans fro	om financial institut	ions - net of current portion			50,011	64,223

Movement in the long-term loans account for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are summarised below.

	Consolidated		
	financial statements		
	2021 2020		
	(in thouse	and Baht)	
Balance as at 1 January	82,449	99,933	
Less: Repayment	(18,226)	(17,484)	
Balance as at 31 December	64,223 82,4		

The loan agreements contain several covenants which, among other things, require the two subsidiaries to maintain debt-to-equity ratio and debt service coverage ratio at the rate prescribed in the agreements.

18. Non-current provisions for employee benefits

Provision for long-term employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire, was as follows:

	Consolidated		Sepa	rate
	financial s	tatements	financial st	atements
_	2021	2020	2021	2020
_		(in thouse	and Baht)	
Provision for long-term employee benefits at				
beginning of year	1,612	1,877	1,403	1,333
Included in profit or loss:				
Current service cost	286	281	249	245
Interest cost	29	23	26	20
	1,927	2,181	1,678	1,598
Employee benefit paid	-	(569)	-	(195)
Provision for long-term employee benefits				
at end of year	1,927	1,612	1,678	1,403

As at 31 December 2021, the Group do not expect to pay long-term employee benefits during the next year. (2020: the Group do not expect to pay long-term employee benefits during the next year)

As at 31 December 2021, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit of the Group and the Company are 7 - 14 years and 14 years, respectively (2020: 7 - 14 years and 14 years, respectively).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below:

	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate	
	financial s	statements	financial statements		
	2021	2021 2020		2020	
		(percent	per annum)		
Discount rate	1.51 - 1.84	1.51 - 1.84	1.84	1.84	
Salary increase rate	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	
Turnover rate	1.91 - 22.92	1.91 -22.92	1.91 - 22.92	1.91 - 22.92	

Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant:

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are summarised below:

	Consolidated financial statements					
	20)21	20	20		
	Increase (decre	ase) in liabilities	Increase (decrease) in liabilities			
		(in thouse	and Baht)			
	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%		
Discount rate	(92)	98	(82)	88		
	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%		
Salary increase rate	227	(201)	186	(166)		
	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%		
Turnover rate	(168)	193	(136)	155		

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Separate financial statements					
	20)21	20)20		
	Increase (decre	ase) in liabilities	Increase (decre	ase) in liabilities		
		(in thous	and Baht)			
	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%	Increase 0.5%	Decrease 0.5%		
Discount rate	(83)	88	(74)	80		
	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%		
Salary increase rate	204	(181)	167	(149)		
	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%	Increase 20%	Decrease 20%		
Turnover rate	(151)	173	(122)	139		

19. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside to a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. During the year 2021, the Company set additional statutory reserve of Baht 0.6 million (2020: Baht 1.1 million).

As at 31 December 2021, the Company has statutory reserve totaling Baht 4.3 million (2020: Baht 3.7 million).

20. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separ	ate
			financial sta	atements
	2021	2020	2021	2020
		(in thousa	ınd Baht)	_
Salaries and wages and other employee				
benefits	11,575	10,977	11,510	10,901
Servicing expenses	8,956	9,969	1,692	1,941
Depreciation and amortization	10,092	9,730	3,063	2,701
Commission expenses	203	221	203	221
Professional service expenses	3,027	3,061	1,657	1,638

In addition, the Group has expenses that are other expenses by nature, but which are not included in the above; such as insurance premiums, other fees and other expenses.

SAAM Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (Formerly known as "SAAM Energy Development Public Company Limited")

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For the year ended 31 December 2021

21. Income tax

Income tax expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are made up as follows:

	Consolidated		Sepa	rate	
	financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		(in thous	and Baht)		
Current income tax:					
Current corporate income tax charge	5,370	4,394	674	-	
Deferred tax:					
Relating to origination of temporary differences	67	1,463	110	1,450	
Income tax expenses reported in the income statement	5,437	5,857	784	1,450	

The reconciliation between accounting profit and income tax expense is shown below.

	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate
	financial s	tatements	financial st	atements
	2021	2020	2021	2020
		(in thous	sand Baht)	
Accounting profit before tax	33,129	30,096	12,927	22,787
Applicable tax rate	0% - 20%	0% - 20%	20%	20%
Accounting profit before tax multiplied by				
income tax rate	6,639	7,160	2,585	4,557
Effects of changes in the tax rate				
Effects of:				
Promotional privileges	(1,688)	(1,556)	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	99	59	98	59
Additional expense deductions allowed	(9)	(6)	(9)	(6)
Income not subject to tax	-	-	(2,100)	(3,160)
Reversal of deferred tax	210	-	210	-
Others	186	200	-	-
Total	(1,202)	(1,303)	(1,801)	(3,107)
Income tax expenses reported in profit or				
loss	5,437	5,857	784	1,450

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The components of deferred tax are as follows:

	Statements of financial position				
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate	
	financial st	tatements	financial st	atements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
		(in thous	and Baht)		
Deferred tax assets					
Provision for long-term employee benefits	373	312	335	281	
Unused tax loss	-	210	-	210	
Lease liabilities	3,953	4,662	1,791	2,286	
Deposit of land rental	485	502	272	289	
Prepaid rental	70	83	68	81	
Deferred tax liabilities					
Right-of-use asset	(4,111)	(4,929)	(2,024)	(2,589)	
Prepaid land rental	(343)	(346)	(143)	(149)	
Rental payable	(16)	(16)	-	-	
Deferred tax assets - net	411	478	299	409	

As at 31 December 2021, two subsidiary companies have the unused tax losses amounting to Baht 2.4 million (2020: Baht 4.5 million) which will expire by 2022 - 2026. The deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the subsidiary companies believe that future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the temporary differences and unused tax losses.

For the year ended 31 December 2021

22. Promotional privileges

Subsidiaries have been granted promotional privileges under the Investment Promotion Act B.E. 2520 by the Board of Investment under certain significant conditions. Significant privileges of the subsidiary companies are as follows:

			SAAM Solar Power	SAAM Solar Power
		Details	One Co., Ltd.	Two Co., Ltd.
1.	Certi	ficate No.	59-0032-0-00-2-0	59-0033-0-00-2-0
2.	Prom	notional privileges for	Produce of electricity	Produce of electricity
			generated from solar	generated from solar
			energy	energy
3.	The s	significant privileges are:		
	3.1	Exemption from corporate income tax	Commencing until	Has not yet
		on net income from promoted	29 December 2023	exercised
		operations for a period of 8 years		
		commencing as from the date of first		
		earning operating income.		
		Furthermore, accumulated losses		
		incurred during the corporate income		
		tax exemption period, the subsidiary is		
		allowed to utilise the losses as a		
		deduction against net income for a		
		period of 5 years after the expiry of		
		the tax exemption period, whether		
		from any one year or from several		
	2.2	years.	Crontod	Crontod
	3.2	Exemption from income tax on	Granted	Granted
		dividends paid from the income of the promoted operations for which		
		corporate income tax is exempted,		
		throughout the corporate income tax		
		exemption.		
	3.3	Exemption from import duty on	Ended on	Ends on
	5.5	imported machinery for use in	6 July 2018	6 July 2021
		production as approved by the Board.		0 501 2021
4	Date of	first earning operating income	30 December 2015	Has not yet
	2 2 2 2 01			exercised

The subsidiaries are required to comply with certain significant conditions under BOI certificates.

The Company was granted privileges of taxation from the Board of Investment. The subsidiary companies' operating revenues for the years are producing of electricity generated from solar energy which could be divided between BOI promoted activities and Non-BOI promoted activities.

For the year ended 31 December 2021

	Consolidated				
	financial statements				
	2021 2020				
	(in thousand Baht)				
BOI promoted	16,880 17,038				
Non-BOI promoted					
Total sale	16,880 17,038				

23. Share Capital

Increase of registered capital

On 7 September 2021, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders meeting passed a resolution approving the increase of registered capital amounting from Baht 150,000,000 (300,000,000 shares with a Baht 0.50 par value) to Baht 180,000,000 (360,000,000 shares with a Baht 0.50 par value) for issuance of SAAM-W1 and SAAM-W2 warrants.

Warrants

The Company has outstanding warrants to subscribe for ordinary shares to existing shareholders of the Company as follows:

						Exercise ratio	
			Determined	Determined exercising date		for ordinary	
			First	Last		shares per	Exercise
Issued by	Allocated to	Issued date	exercise	exercise	Warrant	1 warrant	price
					(Million unit)		(Baht)
The Company	Existing	20 October	17 January	19 October	30	1:1	7.5
	shareholder	2021	2022	2022			
	(SAAM-W1)						
The Company	Existing	20 October	17 January	19 October			
	shareholder	2021	2022	2024	30	1:1	11
	(SAAM-W2)						
	Total issuance	e by the Comp	any		60		

On 17 January 2022, the SAAM-W1 warrant holders exercised 100 warrants to purchase 100 newly issued ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 0.5 each, at an exercise price of Baht 7.5 per share. The Company registered the corresponding increase in its paid-up capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 20 January 2022.

24. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares which would need to be issued to convert all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares. The calculation assumes that such conversion took place either at the beginning of the period or on the date the potential ordinary shares were issued.

The incremental shares from assumed conversion are not included in calculation the diluted per-share amount for the financial statements due to the exercise price being higher than the market price of ordinary.

25. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its services and have two reportable segments as follows:

- 1. Development service Development of renewable energy projects for customer
- 2. Distribution of electricity Development and management for own solar energy project

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss in the financial statements. However, the Group financing activities (including finance costs and finance income) and income taxes are managed on the Group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

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25.1 The results of operations separated by business segment

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding the Group's operating segments for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, respectively.

	Development		Distribute of		Adjustments and		Consolidated	
	serv	service		electricity		ation	financial statements	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(in thous	and Baht)			
Revenue from sales and								
services	57,133	57,697	16,880	17,038	(2,210)	(2,774)	71,803	71,961
Cost of sales and services	(14,860)	(16,191)	(6,232)	(6,164)	2,200	2,804	(18,892)	(19,551)
Gross profit	42,273	41,506	10,648	10,874	(10)	30	52,911	52,410
Other income							1,210	1,400
Gain (loss) on exchange rat	e						2,419	(769)
Selling and servicing expen	ses						(353)	(220)
Administrative expenses							(19,900)	(19,071)
Finance cost							(3,158)	(3,654)
Income tax expenses							(5,437)	(5,857)
Non-controlling interests o	f the subsid	diaries					10	33
Profit for the year							27,702	24,272

25.2 Assets separated by business segment are as follows:

elec 20 2021	tricity 2020 (in thous	2021	nation 2020	financial st 2021	tatements 2020		
20 2021			2020	2021	2020		
	(in thous	1 - 1 - 1			2020		
	•	and Baht)	and Baht)				
890 2,185	2,173	(20,031)	(16,474)	7,601	7,589		
495 -	-	-	-	82,495	82,495		
313 107,185	112,302	(145)	(145)	112,188	118,470		
456 25,376	22,926	-	-	26,832	24,382		
609 21,816	19,679	(208,626)	(200,486)	200,006	176,802		
763 156,562	157,080	(228,802)	(217,105)	429,122	409,738		
562 58,427	66,447	(99,678)	(89,188)	123,333	116,821		
841 (2,668)	(5,176)	24	_	(8,418)	21,665		
	495 - 313 107,185 456 25,376 609 21,816 763 156,562 562 58,427	890 2,185 2,173 495 - - 313 107,185 112,302 456 25,376 22,926 609 21,816 19,679 763 156,562 157,080 562 58,427 66,447	890 2,185 2,173 (20,031) 495 - - - 313 107,185 112,302 (145) 456 25,376 22,926 - 609 21,816 19,679 (208,626) 763 156,562 157,080 (228,802) 562 58,427 66,447 (99,678)	890 2,185 2,173 (20,031) (16,474) 495 - - - - 313 107,185 112,302 (145) (145) 456 25,376 22,926 - - 609 21,816 19,679 (208,626) (200,486) 763 156,562 157,080 (228,802) (217,105) 562 58,427 66,447 (99,678) (89,188)	890 2,185 2,173 (20,031) (16,474) 7,601 495 - - - 82,495 313 107,185 112,302 (145) (145) 112,188 456 25,376 22,926 - - 26,832 609 21,816 19,679 (208,626) (200,486) 200,006 763 156,562 157,080 (228,802) (217,105) 429,122 562 58,427 66,447 (99,678) (89,188) 123,333		

Geographic information

Revenue from external customers is based on locations of the customers.

	2021	2020	
	(in thousand Baht)		
Revenue from external customers			
Thailand	71,803	71,961	
Total	71,803	71,961	
Non-current assets (other than deferred tax assets)			
Thailand	253,669	262,087	
Japan	1,456	1,456	
Total	255,125	263,543	
Major customers			

For the year 2021, the Group has revenue from two major customers in amount of Baht 54.9 million arising from development service segment and Baht 17 million, arising from distribute of electricity segment, (2020: Baht 54.9 million arising from development service segment and Baht 17 million arising from distribute of electricity segment).

For the year ended 31 December 2021

26. Dividends

The Company declared dividend payment for year ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 in the amount as below:

			Dividends	
	Approved by	Total	Per share	Paid on
		(in million		
		Baht)	(Baht)	
2021				
Annual dividend paid	Annual General Meeting of			
from the Company's	shareholders on 23 April			
operating results of	2021			
fiscal year ended				
31 December 2020		3.9	0.013	14 May 2021
Interim dividend paid	Board of Director Meeting			
from the Company's	on 9 August 2021			
six-month operating				
results ended				6 September
30 June 2021		7.5	0.025	2021
Interim dividend paid	Board of Director Meeting			
from the Company's	on 8 November 2021			
nine-month operating				
results ended				7 December
30 September 2021		3.6	0.012	2021
Total dividends paid				
for year ended				
31 December 2021		15.0	0.050	

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			Dividends	
	Approved by	Total	Per share	Paid on
		(in million		
		Baht)	(Baht)	
2020				
Interim dividend paid	Board of Director Meeting			
from the Company's	on 10 April 2020			
operating results of				
fiscal year ended 31				
December 2019 and				24 April
retained earnings		7.5	0.025	2020
Interim dividend paid	Board of Director Meeting			
from the Company's	on 7 August 2020			
six-month operating				
results ended			0.007	3 September
30 June 2020		11.1	0.037	2020
Interim dividend paid	Board of Director Meeting			
from the Company's	on 6 November 2020			
nine-month operating				
results ended		2.0	0.012	3 December
30 September 2020		3.9	0.013	2020
Total dividends paid				
for year ended 31 December 2020		22 F	0.075	
51 December 2020		22.5	0.075	

27. Financial instruments

27.1 Financial risk management

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, lease receivable, other financial assets, trade and other payables, long-term loans, and lease liabilities. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed is described below.

27.2 Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade accounts receivable, loans and other receivables. The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. However, the Group has high concentrations of credit risk since its customers base consist of a few and large customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts of receivables, loans and other receivables as stated in the statement of financial position.

27.3 Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks and borrowings. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

_	Consolidated Financial Statements									
	Fixed inte	erest rate	Floating	interest	Non- ir	nterest			Effective	e interest
	within	1 year	ra	te	bearing		Total		rate	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(in thousa	ınd Baht)				(% per)	annum)
Financial Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	82,306	101,097	-	-	82,306	101,097	0.05	0.05 - 0.7
Short-term investment	67,850	21,650	-	-	-	-	67,850	21,650	0.45 - 0.60	0.90
Trade and other										
receivables	-	-	-	-	8,321	8,089	8,321	8,089	-	-
	67,850	21,650	82,306	101,097	8,321	8,089	158,477	130,836		
Financial liabilities										
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	2,384	2,611	2,384	2,611	-	-
Long-term loans from									MLR-1.5	MLR-1.5
financial institutions									and	and
									BIBOR 3	BIBOR 3
	-		64,223	82,449	-	-	64,223	82,449	month + 2	month + 2
-	-		64,223	82,449	2,384	2,611	66,607	85,060		

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_	Separate Financial Statements									
	Fixed inte	rest rate	Floating	Floating interest Non- interest				Effective	interest	
_	within :	1 year	rate		bearing		Total		rate	
_	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
				(in thousa	nd Baht)				(% per c	innum)
Financial Assets										
Cash and cash equivalent	-	-	48,852	68,624	-	-	48,852	68,624	0.05	0.05 - 0.7
Short-term investment	62,319	21,650	-	-	-	-	62,319	21,650	0.45 - 0.50	0.90
Trade and other										
receivables	-	-	-	-	12,843	10,390	12,843	10,390	-	-
Short-term loans to										
related parties	30,322	29,384	-	-	-	-	30,322	29,384	1.25	1.25
_	92,641	51,034	48,852	68,624	12,843	10,390	154,336	130,048		
Financial liability										
Trade and other payables	-		-	-	1,018	673	1,018	673	-	-

 Trade and other payables
 1,018
 673
 1,018

 1,018
 673
 1,018

As of 31 December 2020, SAAM Solar Power One Co., Ltd., a subsidiary company has an interest rate swap contract to swap the interest on half of the balance of a long-term loan from bank as described in Note 17 to mitigate interest rate risk. However, the said interest rate swap contract has matured on 7 July 2021.

Consolidated Financial Statements									
Currency	Maturity date								
	(in million Baht)	(percent per annum)							
As at 31 December 2020									
Baht	34	Exchange of interest at BIBOR	7 January 2021						
	3 month to interest at 2.41								
percent per annum									

673

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27.4 Foreign currency risk

The Group exposure to foreign currency risk arises mainly from services, loan and purchase of equipment that are denominated in foreign currencies.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the balances of financial assets denominated in foreign currencies are summarised below.

	Consolidated		Separate					
Foreign currency	financial statements		financial s	financial statements		Exchange rate as at		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
		(in m	illion)		(Baht per	1 foreign		
					curren	cy unit)		
Financial assets								
US dollar	0.7	0.7	-	-	33.2469	29.8674		
Yen	-	-	127.2	114.4	0.2869	0.2869		
Financial liability								
Yen	-	-	1	-	0.2944	0.2945		

27.5 Fair value of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Group's financial instruments are short-term in nature or carrying interest at rates close to the market interest rates, their fair value are not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statements of financial position.

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

- a) For financial assets and liabilities which have short-term maturity, including cash and deposit at financial institutions, accounts receivables, accounts payables, loan to and loan from related parties, their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position approximate their fair values.
- b) For interest rate swap contract, its fair value is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow and a valuation model. Most of the inputs used for the valuation are observable in the relevant market.

Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

	Consolidated Financial Statements As at 31 December 2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in million Baht)			
Financial assets disclosed at fair value				
Investment properties	-	135.9	-	135.9
	Consolidated Financial Statements			
	As at 31 December 2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in million Baht)			
Financial assets disclosed at fair value				
Investment properties	-	138.2	-	138.2
Financial liabilities disclosed at fair value				
Derivatives				
Interest rate swap contract	-	0.4	-	0.4

During the year 2021, there was no transfer within the fair value hierarchy.

28. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it has appropriate capital structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value. As at 31 December 2021, the Group 's debt-to-equity ratio was 0.40:1 (2020: 0.40:1) and the Company's was 0.15:1 (2020: 0.05:1).

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29. Commitments and contingencies

The Group have commitments and contingent liabilities other than those disclosed in other notes as follows;

29.1 Capital commitments

On 12 May 2015, SAAM Solar Power Two Co., Ltd, a subsidiary company, entered into 25-year power purchase agreement with a government unit with respect to the purchase of solar power generated by the ground-mount solar plant located in Amphur Deelung, Lopburi province which to commence commercial electricity sale by 31 December 2015.

Subsequently on 21 May 2015, an event of force majeure occurred, causing the subsidiary company to relocate the solar power plant to Phetchaburi province. The committee of the government unit agreed that it was a force majeure event but they did not to approve the relocation of the solar power plant. As a result, the subsidiary failed to commence commercial electricity sale by the specified date. The government unit then sent a letter to the subsidiary, notifying its intention to cancel the power purchase agreement. However, during the year 2015, the subsidiary had entered into many following agreements in order to set up this solar power plant.

a) <u>A solar power plant construction contract</u>

The subsidiary company entered into a solar power plant construction contract with a company to comply with a condition stipulated in the power purchase agreement at a total cost Baht 27.6 million. As at 31 December 2021, the subsidiary partially paid for the construction cost to that company amounting to Baht 4.8 million (2020: Baht 4.8 million). The subsidiary presented this construction cost under "Construction in progress" amounting to Baht 3.5 million (2020: Baht 3.5 million) and "Deposit for equipment" amounting to Baht 1.3 million (2020: Baht 1.3 million) in the consolidated statement of financial position. The subsidiary had remaining commitments in respect of the solar power plant construction contract by the completed milestone totaling Baht 22.8 million (2020: Baht 22.8 million).

b) Equipment supply contract

The subsidiary company entered into Main Equipment Supply contract with a foreign company for the main equipment related to the construction of the solar power plant at a total cost USD 2.8 million. As at 31 December 2021, the subsidiary company paid for a deposit for the equipment to that company amounting to USD 0.7 million or equivalent to Baht 24.1 million (2020: Baht 21.6 million). The subsidiary company presented this deposit for main equipment under "Deposit for equipment" in the consolidated statement of financial position. The

subsidiary company had remaining commitments in respect of the Main Equipment Supply contract by the completed milestone totaling USD 2.1 million (2020: USD 2.1 million).

Regarding the above mentioned occurrence of forced majeure and commitments, on 28 July 2016, the subsidiary company filed a lawsuit against the government unit and other two units with the Central Administrative Court, seeking either the enforcement of the power purchase agreement or the compensation for damages arising upon related commitments under agreements.

Subsequently on 25 September 2019, the Central Administrative Court pronounced a verdict to dismiss the lawsuit. The Group's management is of the opinion that this lawsuit has not been finalised and the subsidiary has a right to file an appeal with the Supreme Administrative Court against the verdict of the Central Administrative Court within the applicable limitation of legal terms. Therefore, on 25 October 2019, the subsidiary company lodged an appeal against the Central Administrative Court's verdict with the Supreme Administrative Court.

However, during the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group's management proceeded to set up a provision for impairment of power plant under construction totaling Baht 4.6 million which was presented as "Asset under construction" under Property Plant and Equipment.

Currently, the lawsuit is under the consideration of the Supreme Administration Court. The Group's management considered an opinion of the Company's legal counsel, the commitments under the agreements and consequences from terminating related contracts early and believed that the deposits for the main equipment are valuable until the litigation process is finalised. In addition, in case of early termination of the Main Equipment Supply contract, the subsidiary has the right to receive a full refund. Therefore as at 31 December 2021, the Group's management therefore decided not to set up a provision for impairment of these assets in the consolidated financial statements.

29.2 Commitment for sell and purchase of land agreement

SAAM Three Co., Ltd., a subsidiary company, entered into an agreement to sell and to purchase land with a third party who was an owner of the land where the solar power plant of SAAM Solar Power Two Co., Ltd. will be located in, which currently the lawsuit has not been final as mentioned in Note 29.1. This causes the sell and purchase of land agreement has been postponed. To maintain the rights under the sell and purchase agreement, the subsidiary agreed to pay to the land owner the rental amounting to Baht 0.3 million per year as a compensation until the lawsuit is final (2020: Baht 0.3 million). Under the sell and purchase of land agreement, the subsidiary is obligated to purchase the land at a total cost Baht 14.6 million (2020: Baht 14.6 million).

29.3 Operating lease commitment

The Company entered into a three-year agreement with respect to equipment rental and related facility service for the Group operation. This agreement will expire in January 2022. The Company is obliged to pay a monthly rental and service fee approximately Baht 3,500. (2020: 3,500 Baht).

29.4 Service commitment

The Company entered into a long-term agreement with a third party for land and solar power plant management in Phetchaburi province. This agreement will expire in 2030. The Company is obliged to pay a yearly service fee totaling approximately Baht 0.17 million (2020: Baht 0.2 million).

The Company entered into a long-term agreement with a third party for providing rental management services. This agreement will expire in 2022. The Company is obliged to pay a monthly service fee totaling approximately Baht 0.05 million (2020: Baht 0.05 million).

The Company entered into the management services agreement in developing Biomass Energy Projects in Japan. This agreement has 1 year duration and shall be automatically renewed until cancelled by each party. The Company is obliged to pay a quarterly service fee totaling JPY 0.13 million per project undergoing development.

29.5 Other Commitment

	2021	2020	
	(in million Baht)		
Bank guarantee	1,500		
Total	1,500		

30. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's authorised director on 15 February 2022.